

TEACHING GUIDE

Computer Science

Degree inIndustrial Electronics and Automatics Engineering

Universidad de Alcalá

Academic Year 2022/2023

1st Year - 1st Semester



TEACHING GUIDE

Course Name:	Computer Science		
Code:	600005		
Degree in:	Industrial Electronics and Automatics Engineering		
Department and area:	Automática Computer Engineering		
Type:	Basic		
ECTS Credits:	6.0		
Year and semester:	1 st Year, 1 st Semester		
Teachers:	Por definir		
Tutoring schedule:	Consultar al comienzo de la asignatura		
Language:	English		



1. COURSE SUMMARY

Computer Science is a basic training subject taught in the first semester, first year, of the Bachelor's Degree on Electronics and Industrial Automation Engineering. It is the first subject related to computing in the degree, and will be followed by the obligatory subject Industrial Computing in the second year.

In this course students will be introduced to the basic concepts related to the structure of current general purpose computers. Each element in this structure will be described from the point of view of the functionality it provides.

The subject will deal with the problems relating to the representation of information in digital systems, from the most elementary forms to some complex data structures, and also with representing actions and procedures in an algorithmic way, so they can be executed by a microprocessor.

The student will learn how to build programs using the basic tools provided by a programming language of general purpose.

2. SKILLS

Basic, Generic and Cross Curricular Skills.

This course contributes to acquire the following generic skills, which are defined in the Section 3 of the Annex to the Orden CIN/351/2009:

- **en_TR2** Knowledge in basic and technological subjects, which enables them to learn new methods and theories, and gives them versatility to adapt to new situations.
- **en_TR3** Ability to solve problems with initiative, decision making, creativity, critical reasoning and to communicate and transmit knowledge, skills and abilities in the field of Industrial Engineering.
- **en_TR4** Knowledge to carry out measurements, calculations, assessments, appraisals, appraisals, studies, reports, work plans and other similar works.
- en TR9 Ability to work in a multilingual and multidisciplinary environment.
- en_TRU1 Capacity of analysis and synthesis.
- en TRU2 Oral and written competencies.
- en_TRU3 Ability to manage information.
- en_TRU4 Autonomous learning skills.
- en TRU5 Team work.

Professional Skills

This course contributes to acquire the following professional skills, which are defined in the Section 5 of the Annex to the Orden CIN/351/2009:

en_CB3 - Basic knowledge on using and programming computers, operating systems, databases and software with application in engineering.

Learning Outcomes

After succeeding in this subject the students will be able:

RAI1: To describe the structure of a current general-purpose computer and how its different



elements interact with each other.

- RAI2. To express procedures for problems resolution in an algorithmic way.
- RAI3. To represent information to be stored and processed by a computer, from basic representations to complex data structures.
- RAI4. To handle different programming paradigms.
- RAI5. To use basic design techniques and software engineering.
- RAI6. To build programs using a programming language.
- RAI7. To justify the need for concurrent processes, the problems they cause and the available solutions.

3. CONTENTS

Unit 1. Introduction to computer science

Basic definitions. Functional structure. von Neumann machine. Machine and assembler languages. Compilers. Programs.

Unit 2. Information representation

Instructions, data, character codification, integers and floating point numbers. Rounding.

Unit 3. Introduction to operating systems

Processes. Memory, paging, virtual memory, file systems, Unix/Linux systems. Applications. Program execution in an OS.

Unit 4. Introduction to C programming language

Introduction to programming. Compilation and linking in C, variables, arithmetical expressions, control flow, Input/Output, constants, vectors and functions.

Unit 5. Types, operators and expressions

Variable names, data types, declarations, arithmetical operators, relational operators, increment and decrement operators, bitwise operators, assignment operators and expressions, conditional expressions, precedence and order of evaluation

Unit 6. Control flow

If-Else, Switch, For, While, Do-while, Break and Continue

Unit 7. Functions and program structure

Basics of functions, scope rules, function declaration and definition, variable types, argument passing by value and by reference.

Unit 8. Structures.

Basics of structures, structures and functions, arrays of structures, pointers to structures, unions.

Unit 9. Pointers and arrays.

Pointers and addresses, pointers and function arguments, pointers and arrays, pointer arrays, multidimensional arrays.

Unit 10. Dynamic memory

Dynamic memory allocation. Functions for dynamic memory allocation. Dynamically allocated arrays. Pointers to structures. Pointers as arguments in functions.



Contents Blocks	Total number of hours or credits
Introduction to Computer Science, Information representation and Introduction to operating systems	6T + 6P
C language programming	24T + 20P

4. TEACHING - LEARNING METHODOLOGIES. FORMATIVE ACTIVITIES.

4.1. Credits Distribution

Number of on-site hours:	58 hours (56 hours on-site +2 exams hours)
Number of hours of student work:	92
Total hours	150

4.2. Methodological strategies, teaching materials and resources

Theoretical classes (big groups)	Oral presentations conducted by the lecturer. Problem solving. Computer demonstrations.
Practical classes (small groups)	Brief oral presentations by the lecturer about practical issues in C programming, Practical laboratory sessions: Programming exercises in C language. Program creation, compilation, linking, debugging.
Tutorship (individual/groups)	Solving doubts Support to autonomous learning

5. ASSESSMENT: procedures, evaluation and grading criteria

Preferably, students will be offered a continuous assessment model that has characteristics of formative assessment in a way that serves as feedback in the teaching-learning process.

5.1. PROCEDURES



The evaluation must be inspired by the criteria of continuous evaluation (Learning Assesment Guidelines, LAG, art 3). However, in compliance with the regulations of the University of Alcalá, an alternative process of final evaluation is made available to the student in accordance with the Learning Assesment Guidelines as indicated in Article 10, students will have a period of fifteen days from the start of the course to request in writing to the Director of the Polytechnic School their intention to take the non-continuous evaluation model adducing the reasons that they deem convenient. The evaluation of the learning process of all students who do not apply for it or are denied it will be done, by default, according to the continuous assessment model. The student has two calls to pass the subject, one ordinary and one extraordinary.

EVALUATION PROCEDURE

The current regulations (see NORMATIVA REGULADORA DE LOS PROCESOS DE EVALUACIÓN DE LOS APRENDIZAJES, aprobada en Consejo de Gobierno de 24 de marzo de 2011) propose two methods of evaluation: **Continuous Evaluation** and **Evaluation by Final Exam**. The student, unless duly justified as specified in the aforementioned regulations, will be evaluated using the first method (Continuous Evaluation).

In the first method, a continuous evaluation of the student's performance is proposed through a double system of monitoring the programmed work: a series of tests for qualification of the subject contents in the classroom and a series of tests for qualification of the subject contents in the laboratory. Until 60% of the evaluation of the subject has been completed, the student may decide to withdraw from the evaluation process. In that case, the rating will be "No Presentado". If the student continues to apply for evaluation tests after this percentage, it will no longer be possible to obtain this grade.

Those students who choose the evaluation by a Final Exam must request it at the beginning of the course as specified in the regulations. In case the student is granted this method of qualification, the exam will have two sections:

- One for theoretical and practical content in the classroom
- One for specific contents of laboratory activities.

The description of the test will be made public to the students at the beginning of the semester.

With respect to the Extraordinary Call Evaluation, its structure, contents and philosophy will be analogous to those of the Final Test

5.2. EVALUATION

EVALUATION CRITERIA

Evaluation criteria must address the extent of skills acquisition by the student. For this purpose, the following ones are defined:

- CE1:The student has acquired technical knowledge about the different computer components, both physical and logical.
- CE2: The student shows ability and initiative in solving practical problems associated with programming.
- CE3: The student is able to use basic software tools to support code generation.
- EC4: The student demonstrates that he or she can analyze the execution of programs created by others.

GRADING TOOLS

This section specifies which evaluation instrument will be applied to each evaluation criteria:

- The Partial Evaluation Exams (PEE) are tests about theoretical concepts and solution of simple, practical problems.
- The Laboratory Exams (PL) consist of practical programming exercises on the computer.
- The Final Exam (PEF) consists of some theoretical questions about the whole subject, and practical programming exercises with the computer.



GRADING CRITERIA:

The student must get at least 50% of the points to pass the subject. As a general rule, if a student does not attend at least 60% of the total evaluation exams, they will be graded as "No Presentado"

Ordinary Call (Continuous Evaluation):

Skil	Learning Outcome	Evaluation Criteria	Evaluation Instrument	Grading Weight
CB3	RAI1, RAI3, RAI7	CE1	PEE1	15%
СВЗ	RAI2, RAI3, RAI4, RAI5, RAI6	CE2,CE3	PL1	10%
СВЗ	RAI2, RAI3, RAI4, RAI5, RAI6	CE2,CE3	PL2	40%
СВЗ	RAI2, RAI3, RAI4, RAI5, RAI6	CE2,CE4	PEE2	35%

Ordinary Call (Final Evaluation)

Skill	Learning Outcome	Evaluation Criteria	Evaluation Instrument	Grading weight
TR2-3, TR9, CB3	RAI1-7	CE1-4	PEF	100%

Extraordinary Call:

The criteria, instruments and grading for the extraordinary call will be the same as for the final evaluation in the ordinary call (previous table)

6. BIBLIOGRAPHY

6.1. Basic Bibliography

 The C Programming Language. B.W. Kernighan and D.M. Ritchie. Prentice Hall Software Series. Second Edition

6.2. Additional Bibliography

- Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C. P. Dey and M. Ghosh. Oxford University Press.
- Internet resources that will be indicated by the lecturer during the course



Disclosure Note

The University of Alcalá guarantees to its students that, if due to health requirements the competent authorities do not allow the total or partial attendance of the teaching activities, the teaching plans will achieve their objectives through a teaching-learning and evaluation methodology in online format, which will return to the face-to-face mode as soon as these impediments cease.